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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.
WELL ARRANGED SHRUBBERY is the “Party Dress” for the Grounds About Your Home!

Would you recognize the inset picture as being the same house and yard as the one above?

Probably you would, but, isn’t there a wonderful change in the atmosphere of the two pictures—one looks so bare and ordinary; the other is so “homey” and inviting.

It is interesting to note what a pleasing change a little shrubbery has made in this particular “back yard”.

Your Home Can Be Made More Attractive With the Proper Planting!
Send us a sketch of your yard—We’ll tell you how!
A Few Reasons Why You Can Do Well Buying From Us

Space in this catalog limits us to a few lines in telling you how we grow our stock, how carefully it is gathered and packed to ship to you and how each piece is inspected rigidly before shipping—so we are listing briefly below a few reasons why we believe you can profit by doing business with us if not already a customer of ours. Those who have dealt with us will vouchsafe all we claim.

1. We sell only selected stock, direct by mail to our customers.
2. We guarantee every shipment to be best quality and true to name.
3. You save the agent's commission in buying direct from us.
4. All your dealings are with us direct, so that your orders receive our attention personally and you do not have to take the word of a third party.
5. With every shipment you receive a gift prize which will please you, we know.
6. Read the enclosed prize plan, whereby you may be the recipient of a valuable prize for little or no effort.
7. Remember—we are a Nursery of long standing, old reliable concern, and our main effort is to serve you honestly and to your best advantage.

ABOUT THIS CATALOG—Its Preparation

We have endeavored to make this catalog easy to read and its text clear regarding descriptions and prices. Wherever possible each illustration has been reproduced from actual photographs taken at our Nursery. We have gone to this trouble to give our readers a better first-hand knowledge of our business and the way in which we grow the nursery stock we ship you.

Regarding any point which has not been made clear, we would be glad to have you write us.

We want you to become just as well acquainted with us and our ways of doing business as is possible; because we feel that the better you know us the more you will want to buy our nursery stock.

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FOR TERMS AND DISCOUNTS and “WHEN TO BUY” SEE NEXT PAGE
WITH EVERY ORDER

WE RECEIVE BEFORE MARCH 15, 1925
WE ARE SHIPPING A PRIZE GIFT

—This Gift is of our selection and will be in the nature of trees, shrubs, flowers, etc.—something appropriate and a prize you will appreciate—

SEE WHAT OUR CUSTOMERS SAY ON PAGE 3 OF THIS CATALOG, OF THE GIFTS THEY HAVE RECEIVED!

And May We Ask this—

—The one favor we would like to ask of you in return for this fine prize is that you send us the names and addresses of two or three of your friends or neighbors who did not perhaps receive our catalog this year. You will find on the order blank enclosed with this catalog spaces on which to write these names and addresses. We send them the catalog free of charge and your name is not used.

We have set aside—

a huge amount of our choicest stock to send as free gifts to our customers this year and the earlier your order comes to us the finer and more expensive will be the prize gift you will receive.

These Gifts Entirely Free
“WHEN TO BUY” and “HOW TO ORDER”

TERMS AND DISCOUNTS

Order at Once. Make sure of getting what you want by ordering early. If you are short of funds, send one-third cash with order now. We will hold the stock; and balance may be remitted later, before shipping season opens.

Terms Cash, or part cash with order; balance before shipping season. The prices given in the catalogue are for quantities named, but five of a variety will be sent at the ten rate, 50 at the 100 rate, 500 at the 1,000 rate. Purchasers of larger lots of fruit trees, etc., should submit list of varieties and size, as frequently we are able to make discounts on stock in large amounts. Remit by Postoffice Money Order on Kalamazoo, Mich., or Bank Draft, Express Money Order, or Check; cash sent loose in letters is at the risk of the sender. Letters should be registered when currency is sent.

Packing is carefully done, the stock being boxed or baled, according to size of order, and delivered in good order to the railroad station or express office at Vicksburg, Mich., and we guarantee its arrival in perfect condition. Our customers tell us both our grading and packing are superior to that usually seen.

Nurseries are located at Vicksburg, in Kalamazoo County, Mich. We have a new and strictly modern, frost-proof packing house on the main lines of the Grand Trunk and G. R. & I. Railways with switch direct to our buildings. We also make direct connections with Pere Marquette and Michigan Central Railways. This gives us the best shipping facilities in Michigan.

In Ordering, please give plainly the name, postoffice address and state. Always tell us how you want trees to come, and name your express or freight station. Make out orders on the order blank enclosed with this catalog.

Our Guarantee of Genuineness. While we exercise the greatest diligence and care to have all our trees, etc., true to label, and hold ourselves in readiness on proper proof, to replace free of charge all trees, etc., that may prove untrue to label or refund the amount paid, it is mutually understood and agreed between the purchaser and ourselves that our guarantee of genuineness shall in no case make us liable for any sum greater than the amount you paid for the trees, etc., that prove untrue to name.

Our References. Our customers know us. To those unacquainted, we refer to Kalamazoo National Bank, Kalamazoo, or Farmers’ State Bank, Vicksburg.

SPECIAL CASH DISCOUNTS

5% discount on full cash orders received during December and January.
3% discount on full cash orders received during February.
2% discount on full cash orders received before March 15th.

Prices Reduced this Year—All Along Our Line!

In all our various departments we have been able to reduce prices this year in this catalog.

The cause for this is the result of several things. We are growing stock on a larger scale each year and increased sales allow us to provide for a smaller margin of profit. Also a great many labor saving and “fool-proof” methods are lessening the cost of production to us and consequently lowering the price to you.

For high grade, first choice, selected stock as we ship you, we truly believe you will find our prices to your advantage, greatly.
What these folks say of Celery City Stock—

WE HAVE SELECTED from our files the letters published below as testimonials [picked at random] to the stock and service we have been able to furnish our customers in the past.

Because we are constantly studying the needs of your section and other sections of the country, we are better equipped with each season to serve you and enlist you as a regular Celery City Customer.

Read the Following Unsolicited Letters!

Millington, April 24, 1924.

We received the trees, etc., all in excellent condition. Well pleased with all. Have them all planted and thank you very much for the Spirea which we wished for so much.

Yours truly

W. R. Rowe.

Nashville, Mich., Box 339, April 16th, 1924.

Received the nursery stock O. K. all in good condition. Accept my thanks for the "Paul Neyron" Rose you presented to me in shipment.

Respectfully,

Sam Blocker.

April 7, 1924.

Celery City Nurseries,
Kalamazoo, Michigan.

Gentlemen:

Received the trees you replaced April 4th, am highly pleased. I also take this opportunity of expressing my most sincere thanks for the shrub you sent as a present.

If at any time I will have an opportunity to boost and recommend your nurseries, I certainly will do all I can.

Thanking you again for your kind favors, I wish to remain a

Grateful Customer,

Geo. J. Diskavish,

Box 118, Kouts, Ind.

Avilla, Ind., April 15, 1924.

Celery City Nurseries:

Dear Sirs:—Inclosed find 91c for American Beauty Hybrid perpetual Rose and postage. Our trees arrived in fine shape and thanks for the gift of Spirea. Will surely remember you when in need of more stock.

Yours truly,

Jos. J. Fordeck.

Quincy, Mich., April 21, 1924.

Celery City Nurseries,
Kalamazoo, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—The trees ordered from you arrived in fine shape. They were a nice looking bunch of trees.

We wish to thank you for the spirea bush sent us as a present. Would like to see your nursery sometime this season.

Yours sincerely,

Wm. E. Knick,

Quincy, Mich.


Celery City Nurseries,
Kalamazoo, Mich.

Dear Sir:—Received my order of nursery stock in fine condition and I am well pleased with them; will recommend your nursery stock in the future.

Yours respectfully,

E. H. Branch.

213 Houghton Ave.

Manistique, Mich.


May 2, 1924.

Celery City Nurseries,
Kalamazoo, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Enclosed find check for $2.00 in full for 100 Asparagus roots. Received them all right; also the Peach tree and the Spirea you gave as a present. We thank you very much as my wife and I both are very fond of flowers and shrubbery. Everything you sent was all right and next year I shall place my order with you and also will try to influence my neighbors to do the same.

Thanking you again, I am

Very truly

Frank M. Morehouse.

April 17, 1924.

Celery City Nurseries,
Kalamazoo, Mich.

Gentlemen:

I have today received advice from Mr. J. H. Johnson, our representative at Kouts, Indiana, of the excellent condition of the trees shipped on our recent order. Also that there were some thirty-five extra trees thrown in for good measure.

You may rest assured that our next years' order will be placed with you.

Yours truly,

O. B. Hanson,

Trustee, Estate of Oscar Rabe, Deceased.
WE ARE often asked this question: "Are your trees grown from whole roots or piece roots?" This is because so many nurseries, in order to grow cheap trees, cut up the roots and do what is known as piece root grafting. Inasmuch as one seedling will make three grafts and the work done with cheap labor in winter time, this becomes a cheap method of growing cheap trees.

The other way to grow trees, and the method employed by the Celery City Nurseries, is to plant in the nursery rows in early spring, the whole root seedlings and bud them during July and August. This method of course, is more expensive, but it insures better trees on whole roots, with no union of root and scion to invite root diseases.

It is an interesting sight to see large gangs of expert men budding trees in our nursery and we take occasion to extend to all interested people, an invitation to visit our nurseries, particularly during July and August, and see the methods employed by Celery City Nurseries in the production of better trees that cost no more than ordinary stock.
APPLES
A SAFE INVESTMENT AND PAY WELL.
Here are Some of the Trees We Offer You.

BLOCK OF APPLE TREES—Photo at our Nursery, August, 1924, now ready for market.

You will note the big reduction we have made in prices of apple trees this season. These prices are lower than we have been able to quote for years—and because of the volume of our business and our success in growing stock the past few years, we are glad to offer you apple trees at these truly BARGAIN PRICES.

PRICES OF ALL VARIETIES OF APPLE TREES

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Quantities of 1</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>1000</th>
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<tr>
<td>Medium, 1 and 2 year size, 4 to 5 ft., Price per tree</td>
<td>.48</td>
<td>.44</td>
<td>.38</td>
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<td>Special, 2 year size, 5 to 6 ft., Price per tree</td>
<td>.55</td>
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<td>Extra, 3 year size, 5 to 7 ft., Price per tree</td>
<td>.60</td>
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<td>.49</td>
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For the benefit of many patrons who seek information as to the best variety of apples, we have placed a (*) before some of the most profitable commercial kinds.

Winter Apples

*Baldwin. One of the best and most popular

winter apples. Tree vigorous and very productive. Fruit large, round; skin deep red; flesh white, of rich, juicy, sub-acid flavor. Highly valued on account of its handsome fruit and excellent shipping qualities. October to February.

Ben Davis. Late; fruit round, medium to large; skin yellow, with red stripes; flesh
WINTER APPLES—Cont’d

white, tender, juicy, sub-acid. Highly valued market variety as it is very showy.

Bellflower, Yellow. Large, yellow; with blush check; very tender, juicy, sub-acid. in use all winter. Very valuable. A moderate grower and good bearer. 10c extra.

*Delicious. A National Dessert Apple. Successful wherever apples are grown. Large, conical shaped, beautifully colored, striped red over yellow. Flesh tender with rich, distinctive flavor, very aromatic and pleasant to the taste. Truly Delicious. Hardy, bears young and abundantly. Brings more money per box than other varieties bring per barrel.

*Pamela (Snow Apple). One of our finest dessert fruits. Of medium size, smooth, regular, deep crimson; tender, melting, delightful flavor. The tree is vigorous and hardy, succeeds especially well in the North. November to January.


Gano. An improved Ben Davis, adding to the good qualities of that variety a much handsomer fruit of deep, dark red, that brings a ready sale in market. December to March.

Golden Russet. Of medium size, round-ovate; clear golden russet, with slight blush; tender, crisp, juicy and high-flavored. Tree robust and hardy, bearing large crops. November to April.

Hubbardston Nonesuch. Large, handsome, yellow, overlaid with red; tender fleshed, with distinct flavor. Strong grower and heavy bearer. November to January.

*Jonathan. A beautiful red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality. It is tender, juicy, spicy, and rich—a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Bears when young and is very productive.

King. Very large, fairly hardy, round, oblate, yellow striped and clouded; an abundant annual bearer. December to April.

*McIntosh Red. A fragrant, bright red apple with tender white flesh of snow-apple flavor and highest quality. Tree most hardy and vigorous and bears heavy crops while young. One of the best apples for northern U. S. and Canada.

*Northern Spy. Crisp, tender, high quality; fine shaped, beautiful coloring; red, usually striped; sub-acid; very productive. November to March.

*Northwestern Greening. The best of the Greenings. Tree a splendid, vigorous grower, hardy; fruit large, green, becoming yellowish green when ripe; flesh yellow, fine grained and firm; flavor a good sub-acid. Very smooth and attractive; second only to the Wealthy as an all-round late market apple. December to April.

Rambo. Greenish yellow, mottled and striped red. An old well-known sort of good quality. A favorite in many localities. Rambo has served long and faithfully as many people’s ideal of what a delicious apple should be. October to January.

Rome Beauty. Uniformly large, smooth; shaded and striped with bright red. Bears each year and is a splendid commercial variety as well as for home use. Flesh tender, keen. Should be planted commercially. December to March.

*Rhode Island Greening. Large; green turning yellow, becoming dull blush when ripe; flesh yellow, fine grained, tender, with rich, rather acid flavor. Tree vigorous, spreading and productive. November to March.

*Stayman’s Winesap. A favorite for all purposes. Medium size, conical; red on yellow; flesh fine, crisp, high flavored. November to May.

*Talman Sweet. Medium size, pale yellow, tinged with red; firm, rich sweet. November to April.

*Wealthy. Hardly, thrifty and good bearer. Fruit medium, roundish, smooth, mostly covered with dark red; flesh white, fine grained, juicy; sub-acid; good quality. January. For market, dessert and cooking.

*Wagener. Deep red; medium to large; flesh firm; sub-acid, well flavored. Bears young and yields good annual crops. December to March. More suitable for southern than northern Michigan.

*Winter Banana. Large, very showy, roundish; deep yellow with red cheek. November till spring. Has a banana perfume; tender and delicious.

Wolf River. Very large; red on yellow; strong grower, good bearer. October to January.
Fall Apples

Chenango Strawberry. (Sherwood’s Favorite.) Large, roundish, bright red and yellow; very beautiful and a pleasant apple. A good and early bearer. September and October.

* Duchesse of Oldenburg. The best known of the Russian apples. Succeeds everywhere, even in the Northwest where most varieties fail, and yields well in all sections. Fruit large, round, striped with red and yellow; tender, juicy, of the best quality for cooking and esteemed for dessert. Trees bear young, abundantly, very hardy. August and September.

Fall Pippin. Large, and when fully ripe, a beautiful yellow. Flesh is tender, rich and of good quality; especially good for culinary purposes. Tree is hardy and long-lived growing to great size. September to December.

*Maiden’s Blush. Of uniformly large size, round beautifully flushed with red on creamy yellow ground; flesh tender, of pleasant, but not high flavor. A good market sort because of its attractiveness and the tree’s heavy crops September and October.

Summer Apples

Early Harvest. Medium; pale yellow; fine flavor; sub-acid; very productive; good either for fresh fruit or for cooking. July and August.

Golden Sweet. Large; fine yellow; very sweet. Tree strong and quick grower, spreading and irregular, also highly productive. August and September.

Liveland (Lowland Raspberry). Color orange-yellow, striped, splashed and shaded with red, showing gray dots through the color; flesh light yellow, often stained with red, fine, tender, juicy; medium open; flavor sub-acid, good; season August. There is no apple East or West of better quality than Liveland. The tree is perfect and a good bearer; the fruit is handsomely colored. 10c extra.

Red Astrachan. Large; crimson; showy, juicy, with rich sub-acid flavor; bears early; hardy. July.

Sweet Bough. The old reliable sweet apple. Large; pale green, with good flavor. July to August.

*Yellow Transparent. A Russian apple of splendid quality. The hardiest and finest early apple grown. Ten days earlier than Early Harvest. Fruit large; pale yellow, sub-acid. A very young bearer and entirely hardy. One of the best market sorts.

Crab Apples

Prices of all varieties same as standard apples.

For preserves, jelly, flavoring, canning, Crab Apples are very good. Also their tartness is agreeable once in a while when they are eaten fresh. The trees themselves are beautiful, and when loaded with the bright colored fruit, are striking. They are an ornament to any grounds and look well beside the finest ornamentals.

*Hyslop. Large; dark crimson, with bloom; very showy. Tree very hardy; late.

Transcendent. The largest Crab apple. Red; showy; excellent. September to October.

Whitney. Large; greenish striped with earmine; flesh firm, juicy and rich. Season last of August.

For healthy, hardy, true to name varieties, plant Celery City trees.
PEACHES QUICK RETURNS AND PROFITABLE
We have a wonderful stock of trees this year

PRICES OF ALL VARIETIES OF PEACH TREES
(Except Rochester and J. H. Hale)

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<th>Quantities of 1</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First size, 4 to 6 ft., price per tree</td>
<td>$ .44</td>
<td>$ .37</td>
<td>$ .31</td>
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<td>.25</td>
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For the benefit of many patrons who seek information as to best variety of peaches, we have placed a star (*) before some of the most profitable commercial kinds.

Admiral Dewey. A perfect freestone, of fine size, form and color, with delicious yellow flesh that is yet firm enough to ship well. The tree is a strong, hardy symmetrical grower and produces well. July.

*Banner. Large, yellow with crimson cheek. Flesh yellow, firm, rich, excellent. Good shipper.

Barnard's. Of medium size; yellow, with dark red cheek; flesh yellow, red at the stone, juicy, sweet and rich. The tree is extremely hardy and bears annual crops. A profitable variety. Early September.

Beer's Smock. A large, yellow-fleshed peach, similar to Smock Free, but superior to it. Ripe a few days later and is better annual bearer. Late September and October.

Carman. White; free; early. Large, resembles Elberta in shape; color creamy white, with deep blush; skin very tough; flesh tender, fine flavor and quite juicy. One of the hardiest in bud. In shipping qualities and freedom from rot is unsurpassed. Profitable market variety.

Champion. Unusually large. A sweet, rich, juicy, freestone, beautifully colored with creamy white and crimson; a good shipper. Hardy, productive, profitable. August.

Crawford's Early. A magnificent large yellow peach, noted for size, good quality and wonderful productiveness. Late August.

Crawford's Late. Similar to Crawford's Early, but about a month later in ripening. The fruit is of the largest size. Late September.
Crosby. Of medium size and peculiar roundish, flattened shape; bright yellow, splashed with carmine; flesh yellow, of good flavor. Tree hardy and immensely productive. September.

*Elberta. An ideal market peach, and a royal fruit, from its yellow and red skin to its stone. The size is enormous, the quality excellent, the tree vigorous and productive. Better still, the market has never yet had enough of this sort.

*Engel’s Mammoth. A very fine, large market sort, resembling Late Crawford, but more productive. Very profitable wherever grown. September.

Fitzgerald. Of Canadian origin. Of very large size, magnificent quality and a perfect freestone. Stone very small; flesh yellow, very firm; rich and juicy. A splendid shipper and makes a beautiful appearance in market. Four of these peaches weighed, upon a test, fully two pounds. It is very early in Canada.

*Gold Drop. The almost translucent golden colored flesh of this peach renders it exceedingly attractive in market. The tree is hardy, bears early and profitably. Late September.


Hill’s Chili. Of New York origin, hardy, vigorous and productive; of a medium size oval, with a slight suture; deep yellow, shaded with dark red; flesh deep, yellow, red at the stone; freestone. Last of September.

Heath Cling. One of the finest canning peaches; good size; lemon shape; tree a good grower and an excellent bearer.

*Kalamazoo. One of the leading Michigan varieties, originated in the city whose name it bears. Large; golden yellow with crimson cheek. The thick yellow flesh is of a delightful flavor, and the pit small. The tree is strong growing, hardy and productive. Ripens between Early and Late Crawford.

*New Prolific. As its name indicates, a very prolific variety of excellent quality fruit, golden yellow, with red cheek large and handsome. Middle of September.

*Rochester. See next page.

*Stearns. A new Michigan peach which originated in South Haven, Michigan, and has been a prolific grower. A perfect freestone with yellow flesh and brilliant red skin. As a shipper it cannot be surpassed. Tree is a strong, upright grower, extremely hardy and free from disease. Last of September.

Triumph. The earliest yellow-fleshed peach, ripening with Alexander and as good for eating as shipping. The tree blooms late and bears annual, abundant crops. Free-stone when fully ripe. August.

Yellow St. John. A superfine early yellow freestone, nearly as large as Crawford, as finely colored and of even better flavor. Its round, showy fruits always attract attention and sell well. A fine dessert peach. The tree bears well while still small, and abundantly afterwards. August.
The Rochester Peach
—A Big Paying Variety —Our Stock is Superb

*The Rochester is a very recent production, and market men particularly admire its splendid keeping qualities.

It is a large, yellow-and-red freestone; flesh yellow, very highly flavored; to eat out of hand or canned it cannot be equalled as a table delicacy. Specimens measure 12 inches around and weigh 12 ounces. Stone very small and will ship as good as Elberta. The peach comes into ripening during mid-August, when there are on the market no other yellow-and-red freestones of quality, and the Rochester, therefore, commands the very highest prices.

The tree comes into bearing when very young. Is a strong, upright grower, hardy as an oak. Has stood 16 degrees below zero and produced a full crop; while Elberta and Crawford under the same condition in the same orchard produced no blossoms and consequently no fruit.

Read one orchartist’s experience with the Rochester peach:

Celery City Nurseries:

In regard to the Rochester Peach, I have over 20 acres of them, some having been set 5-3-2 and 1 year ago. I wish you would come out and see them, for they are certainly a sight to behold.

I have two small orchards, about 200 trees each, set three years ago last spring. This is the third crop, and on one tree I picked eight bushels. Next year after setting out, some of them went one and a half to a tree.

I set nearly 20 acres last year, and most of these trees have one to twenty peaches. My five year old trees, you ought to see them. I wish I had 100 acres of them to fruit. They come in a season when there are few good peaches on the market; are of good size, handsome, of the best quality, sure croppers and strong growers.

Come out and see them—it is surely worth your time.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) E. W. DUNHAM,
Baroda, Mich.

PRICES OF ROCHESTER PEACH TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantities of</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>10</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Size, price per tree</td>
<td>$ .49</td>
<td>$ .44</td>
<td>$ .38</td>
<td>$ .33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planters' Size, price per tree</td>
<td>$ .44</td>
<td>$ .39</td>
<td>$ .33</td>
<td>$ .28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smaller Trees, price per tree</td>
<td>$ .38</td>
<td>$ .33</td>
<td>$ .28</td>
<td>$ .23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Do Not Fail to Include Some Rochester Peach Trees in Your Order
Cherries Bear Young and Bring Good Prices.
—Fruit Growers Praise our Trees.

Block of 2-year-old Montmorency Cherries at our Nursery, photographed just before digging. Note their splendid growth. Both in one-year and two-year cherry trees we have exceptional stock to offer. And prices this year have been materially reduced.

PRICES OF SOUR CHERRY TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In Quantity of</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium, (\frac{3}{8}) in Diameter, price per tree</td>
<td>$ .62</td>
<td>$ .57</td>
<td>$ .49</td>
<td>$ .40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special, (\frac{1}{2})&quot; in Diameter, price per tree</td>
<td>.72</td>
<td>.67</td>
<td>.59</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra, (\frac{3}{8}) in Diameter, price per tree</td>
<td>.85</td>
<td>.80</td>
<td>.74</td>
<td>.69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sour Cherries

Dyehouse. Similar to Early Richmond, but several days earlier. Largely planted for early market, as it stands shipping well. June.

Early Richmond (English Pie Cherry). An exceedingly productive and reliable old variety, with dark red fruits of medium size and sprightly acid flavor. Unsurpassed for cooking. June.

English Morello. Large; dark red, nearly black; tender, juicy, acid, rich. Tree dwarf and slender. Valuable sort for near-by market. July.

May Duke. Large; dark red, juicy, rich; superior and productive. June.

Montmorency. Probably the best hardy cherry for home and market use. It is of large size, light red in color, stem rather short. The tree is very vigorous and hardy and bears soon after planting. The fruit is in great demand by canning factories and others, and sells at fancy prices.
PRICES OF SWEET CHERRY TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantities of</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium, ( \frac{3}{16} ) in Diameter, price per tree</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
<td>$0.70</td>
<td>$0.65</td>
<td>$0.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special, ( \frac{1}{4} ) in Diameter, price per tree</td>
<td>$0.85</td>
<td>$0.80</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
<td>$0.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra, ( \frac{5}{16} ) in Diameter, price per tree</td>
<td>$0.95</td>
<td>$0.90</td>
<td>$0.85</td>
<td>$0.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sweet Cherries**

**Black Tartarian.** This fine old variety produces immense crops of very large purplish black fruits of mild, sweet, jelly-like consistency, fine flesh. The tree makes a beautiful, erect growth. Late June and early July.

**Bing.** Tree hardy and a strong grower, especially adapted to the East, though it came from Oregon. The fruit is extra large, black, very fine and excellent for commercial purposes.

**Governor Wood.** A rich and delicious large, light red cherry that hangs well on the tree. A very popular sweet variety. June.

**Lambert.** One of the largest of all cherries. It is purple-red; firm and rich. Every year sees an enormous crop, and the tree not only grows well, but is proof against insects and fungus attacks.

**Napoleon.** Of fine appearance and the very largest size; yellow and amber, with bright red blush; flesh firm, juicy, delicious. Profitable for a market variety; finds a ready sale both for canning and dessert. Forms a grand tree that ripens its heavy crops in July.

**Schmidt's Bigarreau.** New. Remarkably hardy and productive. Fruit of the largest size; a deep mahogany color; flesh dark, tender, juicy with a fine, rich flavor. Stone small. Good for canning. July.

**Windsor.** Trees hardy and prolific. Fruit large, liver-colored, firm and of fine quality. Hangs well on the tree and is not subject to rot. Valuable for late market or home use. July.
Pears

Demand Increasing for Canning Varieties.
—You’ll Like Our Good Trees.

PRICES OF PEAR TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In Quantities of</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small Trees, 3 to 4 ft., price per tree</td>
<td>.68</td>
<td>.64</td>
<td>.54</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special, 4 to 6 ft., price per tree</td>
<td>.78</td>
<td>.74</td>
<td>.64</td>
<td>.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra, 5 to 7 ft., price per tree</td>
<td>.88</td>
<td>.84</td>
<td>.74</td>
<td>.69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Summer Pears

Bartlett. Large size, with beautiful blush next the sun; buttery, very juicy and high flavored; bears early and abundantly. August and September.

Clapp’s Favorite. Large; pale lemon-yellow; flesh fine grained, juicy, melting, rich and buttery. A cross between Bartlett and Flemish Beauty; earlier than Bartlett and resembling the Flemish in growth. Pick the fruit at least ten days before it ripens upon the tree. August and September.

Fall Pears

Buerre d’Anjou. Large greenish, shaded with russet-crimson; the flesh is highly flavored, rich and vinous; very productive, either as dwarf or standard. For late fall and very early winter use, we have no better variety. Anjou is one of the best commercial sorts, ranking with Kieffer and Bartlett as money makers. October to January.

Duchesse d’Angouleme. Very large, with rough and uneven surface of a greenish yellow, with patches of yellow and dull red cheek; a vigorous and strong grower and a good bearer when quite young. It attains its greatest perfection on the quince root, on which all of our trees are budded. In season during October and November.

Flemish Beauty. Produces good crops annually of large, handsome fruit that is exceptionally good in quality, every year. September and October.

Kieffer. Profitable market variety on account of its shipping and keeping qualities; of extraordinary size and beauty. While not of the best quality, it is one of the favorite sorts for canning or preserving, and the early-bearing heavy-cropping trees render it desirable for quantity. October and November.

Seckel. One of the richest and highest flavored pears known; always in demand for desserts and luncheons and better known than any pear of its class. The tree makes a somewhat slow but stout and erect growth. September and October.

Winter Pears

Lawrence. Medium size; fine golden yellow; melting, sugary and aromatic. An American pear of great excellence. Tree a moderate grower, handsome, hardy and good bearer. The most valuable of the early winter pears. Fine looking on market. December.

Sheldon. A large, round, russet and red pear, of the very finest quality. Hardy, free-growing, fruitful. October.
Plums

Fruit Growers Report Big Profits with Plums.
—Try Our Trees for Assured Success.

PRICES OF ALL VARIETIES OF PLUM TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In Quantities of</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>1000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small Trees, 3 to 4 ft., price per tree</td>
<td>$ .68</td>
<td>$ .64</td>
<td>$ .54</td>
<td>$ .50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special, 4 to 6 ft., price per tree</td>
<td>$ .78</td>
<td>$ .74</td>
<td>$ .64</td>
<td>$ .60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra, 5 to 7 ft., price per tree</td>
<td>$ .88</td>
<td>$ .84</td>
<td>$ .74</td>
<td>$ .69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the benefit of many patrons who seek information as to the best variety of plums, we have placed a (*) before some of the most profitable commercial kinds.

European Plums

*Bradshaw. Very large; dark violet-red; flesh yellow, juicy, good. A productive, valuable market sort. August 15.

*Gueii (Blue Magnum Bonum). Large; deep bluish-purple, with thick bloom; flesh yellow, coarse, but sweet and good. While still young the trees are loaded with enormous crops, most of which they carry to maturity; vigorous and hardy, growing fast. Profitable for market. Early September.

*Grand Duke. Large dark red, of fine quality, Free from rot; very productive. Last of September.

*German Prune. A valuable plum of fair quality for dessert, but most esteemed for drying and preserving. Large, long-oval, purple with a thick bloom; flesh firm, sweet and pleasant, separating from the stone. Moderate grower. September.

Italian Prune (Fellenberg). Oval, purple plum, with thick, juicy and delicious flesh, free from stone. Fine for drying. September.

*Lombard. Medium to large; dark red; flesh yellow, of pleasant flavor. The tree is unusually vigorous, succeeding well even on light soils, and produces heavy annual crops. Late August.

*Monarch. Large, nearly spherical; deep purple-blue, with thin bloom; flesh pale golden green, juicy, pleasant, free from stone when ripe. Trees bear young. October, after Grand Duke.

*Reine Claude (Bavay’s Green Gage). Round, greenish yellow, juicy, melting, sugary, rich and excellent; separates from the stone. Tree vigorous and productive. Last of September.

Shipper’s Pride. Large, oval, dark purple, of Damson type. Flesh sweet and firm, keeping and shipping long distances well. September.

*Shropshire Damson. Tree vigorous and enormously productive. One of the old favorites. October.

Yellow Egg. Large, egg-shaped yellow plum. A little coarse, but excellent for cooking. Free grower and productive. End of August.

Compass Cherry Plums

This tree produces the first year after planting.

It bears invariably at two years old large quantities of most excellent fruit. In size it is larger than the Early Richmond Cherry. The quality is between the cherry and the plum. This perfectly hardy fruit was originated at Springfield, Minn., and is a cross between the native Sand Cherry and the American Plum. The fruit brings the best prices of any on the market, and the demand has never been supplied.

The Compass Cherry Plum ripens at a time when none of the Prof. Hansen plums are ripening, and for that reason it will always be retained on the fruit list, though it is much smaller in size than any of the Hansen plums. Do not understand by this that the Compass Cherry Plum is only valuable because it fills in a space. It has a different flavor, is one of the very best for canning purposes.
Japan Plums

Abundance. Lemon-yellow ground, nearly overspread with bright cherry and with a heavy bloom; large to very large, oblong, tapering to the point. Flesh orange-yellow, melting, rich and highly perfumed; abundant and annual bearer; vigorous, upright grower. August.

*Burbank. Large, nearly round and bright cherry-red; flesh deep yellow, sweet, meaty and quite firm; keeps and ships finely. Tree vigorous and spreading; needs close pruning. Late August.

Red June. Medium to large; deep vermilion-red, with beautiful blooms; very showy; flesh light lemon-yellow, firm, slightly sub-acid; delightful, half-cling, with small stone. Ripens in early August.

Satsuma (Blood). In season after the European plums and the main crop of peaches are gone. Very large; nearly round, with deep red skin and flesh; firm, of good flavor; will keep from one to three weeks after picking. Yields well.

Hansen’s Hybrid Varieties of Plums

These are the plums for the Northwest; they bear early and prolifically and are noted for their fine quality and great size. Originated by Prof. Hansen of the South Dakota Experiment Station. They are perfectly hardy and are growing on the cold, bleak prairies of the Northwest.


Opata. Cross between Sand Cherry and Gold Plum. Tree vigorous, fruit dark purplish red, flesh green, quality delicious, pit small, season early, fruits second year after transplanting.

Sapa. Cross between Sand Cherry and the Sultan Plum. Fruit is a dark blue, glossy skin, deep wine-red flesh of the Japanese type. Trees frequently fruit when only one year old. This variety took first prize as Seeding Plum at the Minnesota State Fair, 1909. A high compliment to this variety. Splendid for eating out of hand or canning. Tree very hardy. Pit small. Fruits early in the season.

Toka. One of Prof. Hansen’s New Fruits. Originated at South Dakota Experiment Station. Bears annually even when other varieties fail. Tree strong and vigorous grower; early and heavy bearer of handsome fruit; color red; flesh firm; splendid cooker. A valuable acquisition to the plum family.

Waneta. One of the newest and perhaps the best of the handsome hybrids.

Improved Native Plums

De Soto. Of medium size; yellow, marbled red. One of the best sorts to plant among varieties needing polination. September.

Forest Garden. Large, round-oblong; orange-yellow, with red dots; flesh orange color, juicy and good. August.


Wyant. Large fruit with purplish red skin and firm flesh; freestone. A crop of Plums may help to sell other fruit—apples, peaches, pears, or grapes. The buyer may need some of each, and purchase his fruit where all can be had. This will mean much more in the total income than the selling price of plums, even if this is considerable.
Quince Add a Delightful Flavor

Quinces are a most useful and valuable home fruit which is much esteemed in cookery. Their flavor is perhaps the most delicate, delicious and individual of anything which grows. Lemon, strawberry, pineapple and cherry all taste rich and good but quince syrup and quince honey surpass them all. It's like the aroma of roses and the sweetness of orange blossoms. Nothing can take the place of the quince for preserves, jellies, syrup, fruit flavoring, or in fact any dainty dessert. Quinces will grow and yield well almost anywhere. They are hardy and respond wonderfully well to up-to-date methods of cultivation and spraying. It is quite likely that with improved, modern handling, the quince will again come into very general cultivation.

The chief enemies of the quince tree yield readily to modern treatment. Blight is easily controlled by spraying, and "wet feet" may be avoided. A little careful pruning will cause the quince to grow into a beautiful tree shape if desired.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First size</td>
<td>$ .50</td>
<td>$8.50</td>
<td>$80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second size</td>
<td>$ .80</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
<td>$70.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Orange. Popular extensively cultivated, reliable and satisfactory. The name was given in attempt to do justice to its most delicious flavor. Roundish, bright golden yellow, very large, fine-grained, fine quality. Best for cooking. Firm, will stand handling and shipping. September. Our trees are from a selected strain, budded on long-lived roots.

Apricots

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special, 3 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>$ .70</td>
<td>$6.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra, size 4 to 6 ft.</td>
<td>$ .80</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Superb. The best Apricot now offered. Perfectly hardy, has no superior in productiveness. Beautiful yellow with slight blush; flesh firm and solid. One of its many desirable traits is its long season, covering a period of three weeks.

Currants

Currants have a tart and spicy flavor which fills a place of its own in cooking, jellies and preserves. They are used to some extent for eating fresh, but the most money is to be made in supplying an increasing market demand for the newer and better sorts. Planted about the home, they grow without much care and will yield big crops. The only trouble encountered will be foliage worms, which are easily killed with hellebore.

Prices, except as noted, 2-year-old, 20c each; $1.50 per 10; $12.00 per 100; 1-year-old, in lots of 50 of a variety, 10.00 per 100.

Cherry. The Standard Red Currant. Fruit very large; a fine upright grower; valuable for market and garden; splendid quality.

Fay's Prolific. One of the best and most popular red Currants. It is productive, hardy and vigorous; it will average larger than Cherry; of the finest quality, and brings best prices on the market; fruit bunches 3 to 5 inches long, easily picked.

Perfection. Cross of Fay's Prolific with White Grape and combines the best qualities of both parents. In color it is beautiful bright red and of a size larger than the Fay; the clusters average larger than the cluster of the Fay; the clusters average larger than the bunch. It is one of the most productive. Currants we have ever known, and in quality it is superior to anything in the market today, being of a rich, mild, sub-acid flavor and having plenty of pulp with few seeds. It was awarded the Barry Medal of the Western New York Horticultural Society, in 1901, and the Pan-American Medal the same year, the highest award given any new fruit. Orders will be booked in the order in which they are received. All plants will be sent out under the introducer's seal.

Price, 35c each; $3.00 per 10; $25.00 per 100; 1-year-old, $20.00 per 100.

White Grape. Excellent for dessert use because of its mildly acid flavor and large, handsome clusters of golden green or white berries. Fruitful. 5c extra.

London Market. A particularly valuable variety for northern climates. It is planted extensively in Michigan, and is regarded as one of the very best for that State. The plant is extremely hardy and vigorous and retains its foliage throughout the season. Beautiful color, large size and very heavy cropper. Ships well, and is excellent for market.
Berries and Small Fruits

Raspberries

Blackcaps

Cumberland. The business Blackcap. It is of wonderful productiveness, producing regularly and uniformly very large crops. In size the fruit is simply enormous, far surpassing any other variety. The berries run seven-eighths and fifteen-sixteenths of an inch in diameter. In quality it is similar and fully equal to the Gregg. It is unusually firm and is well adapted for long shipments. It is an unusually strong grower, throwing up stout, stocky canes, well adapted for supporting loads of large fruit.

Price, $1.25 per 25; $3.50 per 100; $23.00 per 1,000.

Plum Farmer. Although this is one of the newer introductions in Black Raspberries, it has come rapidly to the front and is in large demand by growers everywhere. This is pretty good evidence that it is a profitable variety to grow. It is being planted very heavily in this section, as it is early and therefore a big money maker for the growers. The berries are of large size and excellent quality. They are coal black but covered with some bloom which gives them a bluish appearance. The canes are strong growers and very hardy, and produce a very large crop of fruit which is matured quickly.

Price, $1.25 per 25; $3.50 per 100; $25.00 per 1,000.

Red and Purple Raspberries

Columbian. A seedling of the Cuthbert, grown near the Gregg, and believed to be a cross between the two. Of the Schaffer type, but hardy even in Wisconsin. It is a most vigorous grower, canes 10 to 16 feet in length and often an inch in diameter; fruit very large; color dark red bordering on purple; adheres firmly to the stem; seeds small; has a distinct flavor of its own, making it a most delicious table berry.

Price, $1.50 per 25; $4.50 per 100; $38.00 per 1,000.
Cuthbert. Canes tall, vigorous, healthy. Fruit bright crimson, firm.
Price, $1.25 per 25; $3.50 per 100; $25.00 per 1,000.

Golden Queen. Very large; rich yellow; vigorous, hardy, productive, splendid quality.
Price, $2.00 per 25; $7.00 per 100.

Marlboro. One of the hardiest, earliest, largest and best market red berries. Fair quality, handsome color; great bearer, very vigorous and largely planted for market.
Price, $2.00 per 25; $7.00 per 100.

Miller. Bright red; large. Will not fade nor mature smaller toward end of season. Round, with small core; firm, not crumbly, rich. The bush bears early and prolifically and is entirely hardy.
Price, $1.25 per 25; $4.00 per 100; $30.00 per 1,000.

St. Regis. This wonderful everbearing Raspberry will give you a big crop of berries from July until frost. St. Regis begins ripening with the earliest red raspberries and continues bearing on the young canes all fall. Berries bright crimson, large size, sugary, rich with full raspberry flavor, very firm and a good shipper. Canes stocky, of good growth, with abundance of dark green, leathery foliage. St. Regis is a very heavy bearer in the regular raspberry season, and in addition continues bearing all summer and fall.
Price, $1.50 per 25; $5.00 per 100; $35.00 per 1,000.

Kings Early. The King will ripen as early as any variety of Raspberry and owing to its wonderful fruiting quality will continue after other varieties are gone. Very large, firm, beautiful red color and very easily picked. The canes are perfectly hardy and we have never known King to winter kill. Early King is the most profitable variety of Red Raspberry grown and always brings the very top market price. Absolutely free from disease.
Price, $1.25 per 25; $4.00 per 100; $24.00 per 1,000.

Blackberries

Blower. New. It has been thoroughly tested for several seasons. Hardy, productive, the finest quality, and brings the highest price of all Blackberries. Has produced 2,694 berries on one bush and 2,720 quarts on one-third acre. Large size; jet-black; good shipper; very large, firm, beautiful red color and very easily picked. The canes are perfectly hardy and brings the very top market price. Absolutely free from disease.
Price, 90c per 10; $2.00 per 25; $6.00 per 100; $15.00 per 1,000.

Eldorado. The vines are very hardy and vigorous, enduring the winters of the far Northwest without injury, and their yield is enormous. The berries are large, jet-black, borne in large clusters and ripen well together; they are very sweet, melting, have no hard core and keep for eight or ten days after picking with quality unimpaired. Perhaps the most valuable sort in cultivation.
Price, 85c per 10; $1.75 per 25; $4.50 per 100; $38.00 per 1,000.

Lucretia Dewberry. A trailing Blackberry, fine flavor; large fruit; very prolific. In size and quality it equals any of the tall-growing varieties.
Price, $1.25 per 25; $4.00 per 100; $35.00 per 1,000.
Strawberries

Varieties marked (Per) are perfect flowering and varieties marked (Imp) are imperfect flowering; and for the best results should have two rows of some perfect flowering variety planted every fourth or fifth row with them.

Strawberry Plants will be shipped Parcel Post and the Postage paid by Celery City Nurseries.

Improved Progressive Everbearer. (Per). Price, 50, $2.00; 100, $3.00; 250, $6.00; 500, $11.00; 1,000, $18.00.

Dr. Burrill. (Per). This new variety is a scientific cross of Senator Dunlap and the Crescent, with all the best qualities of both embodied in one. Fruit is large, dark red, of high quality, very firm, and of a beautiful, even shade. Commences to ripen medium early and extends over a long period.

Price, 50, $1.00; 100, $1.50; 250, $2.75; 500, $4.75; 1,000, $9.00.

Gibson. (Per). One of the leading market berries grown in Southern Michigan—and has proven satisfactory wherever planted. Fruit is large, even in shape, holding its size remarkably well until the last pickings. Color is glossy, dark red, which extends clear through to the center of the berry. Commences to ripen medium early and lasts over a long season.

Price, 50, $1.00; 100, $1.50; 250, $2.75; 500, $4.75; 1,000, $9.00.

Kellogg's Prize. (Imp). This is one of the most productive very late berries we have seen.

Price, 50, $1.00; 100, $1.50; 250, $2.75; 500, $4.75; 1,000, $9.00.

Senator Dunlap. (Per.) A standard old variety and one of the best.

Price, 50, $1.00; 100, $1.50; 250, $2.75, 500, $4.75; 1,000, $9.00.

Premier. (Per.) The grandest and best extra early variety, early-growing, a strong pollenizer, vigorous grower and heavy producer of extra large bright red berries of most delicious flavor. One of the longest season varieties known, beginning to ripen with the earliest and continuing until the late sorts are through. Succeeds in all soils and climates.

Price, 50, $1.00; 100, $1.50; 250, $3.00; 500, $5.50; 1,000, $10.00.

Warfield. (Imp.) A variety of established reputation, but which is being crowded out of first place by Dr. Burrill, which is more productive and averages larger in size. Should always be planted in connection with a perfect flowering variety, of which Dr. Burrill is the best.

Price, 50, $1.00; 100, $1.50; 250, $2.75; 500, $4.75; 1,000, $9.00.
Grapes  Few Fruits Show More Net Profits  
---Our Selection Shows Hardy Varieties

We will supply 500 Vines, enough to set one acre, for the low price of $29.50.

The Concord.
Fine old market leader, with large, handsome clusters of lucious grapes.

Write for special price on large lots of vines. Conords are the best for Grape Juice, Jelly and table use.
GRAPES—A Healthful Fruit!

Every Farm Home Should Have Them.

It has been said "If you can grow but one kind of fruit, grow Grapes." Of course there is no real reason why one cannot grow other fruits; for apples, peaches, plums and cherries, quinces and berries all do well everywhere, and each has its particular points of value.

Yet grapes remain the one fruit you should not do without. In all ways they are desirable. We do not tire of eating them—they never cloy. They are easily digested, and very healthful. To describe it as delicious is merely to hint at the nectar-like taste, and for this reason alone they are worth having.

Black Grapes

Campbell’s Early. This superb Grape is fulfilling the promise made for it remarkably well. It forms large, and handsome clusters, thickly set with large round berries, colored a light purple bloom; these are firm fleshed enough to keep and ship admirably, but the tender pulp parts readily from the few small seeds, a quality that is now greatly appreciated; the flavor is rich, sweet and delightful. The clusters ripen very early and hold their berries well, keeping in fine condition for a month or more. The vine is vigorous and bears abundantly. Should be widely planted.

Price, 30c each; $2.50 per 10; $20.00 per 100.

Concord. Fine old market leader, with large, handsome clusters of luscious grapes. Entirely hardy, very productive and reliable, succeeds well over a wide extent of country. One of the best known grapes.

Price, 20c each; $1.50 per 10; $12.00 per 100; 1-year extra, $8.00 per 100; $60.00 per 1,000. Write for special prices on large lots of Conords.

Moore’s Early. Clusters of medium size; berries large, round, black, with heavy blue bloom. Desirable for market on account of its earliness, well suited to Canada and northern portions of the United States by its hardiness, but succeeds admirably in the South also.

Price, 25c each; $2.00 per 10; $18.00 per 100.

Worden. This seedling of Concord is larger than the parent in bunch and berry; of better flavor, earlier, as hardy and healthy in every way, producing fine crops that command good prices.

Price, 25c each; $2.00 per 10; $18.00 per 100.

Red Grapes

Agawam. Berries quite large, with thick skin, compactly set upon a large bunch; soft, sweet and sprightly; ripens early. Grows and bears well.

Price, 40c each; $3.50 per 10.

Brighton. Dark red. The most desirable of the early Red Grapes. Very large and handsome. Clusters under favorable conditions are more uniform than those of any other grape. Plant near other varieties, as its blossoms do not always fertilize when alone.

Price, 40c each; $3.50 per 10.

Delaware. A delicious little red grape; juicy sweet, hardy and productive.

Price, 35c each; $3.00 per 10; $25.00 per 100.

White Grapes

Niagara. A great yielder and of fine flavor; ripens early, cluster very solid; large vines. For a long time was the standard commercial sort.

Price, 25c each; $2.00 per 10; $18.00 per 100.
Gooseberries

They are characterized by extra hardiness, vigor and freedom from mildew, enabling them to succeed well where the larger-fruitied and tenderer English sorts succumb to disease. Useful for cooking when green or ripe, and good for canning. Prune closely every spring.

Downing. A large and handsome pale green berry of splendid quality for dessert or cooking. The bush is robust and seldom mil- dews. An excellent sort for family use and profitable for market.

Price, 2-yr. bushes, 32c each; $2.80 per 10; $22.00 per 100; $175.00 per 1000; 1-year, $100.00 per 1,000.

Houghton. An enormously productive and always reliable old sort; of vigorous yet rather slender, spreading growth, not subject to mildew. Fruits of medium size; smooth; pale red; tender and good.

Price, 2-year bushes, 32c each; $2.80 per 10; $22.00 per 100; $175.00 per 1000; 1-year, $100.00 per 1,000.

Asparagus

Strong roots, 75c per 25; $2.00 per 100; $12.00 per 1,000.

Conover's Colossal. This variety is much superior in size and quality to any of the old common sorts, being remarkably tender and fine-flavored.

Palmetto. Until recently we believed that the Conover's Colossal was the best sort known, but we are now forced to concede that the Palmetto is earlier and a better yielder.

Rhubarb

Myatt's Linnaeus. Those who have never grown this variety, which is of superior quality, will hardly recognize the old "Pie Plant." It is early, tender, without being in the least tough or stringy, with a mild sub-acid flavor. Early in the spring its distinctly acid flavor is quite acceptable.

Price, 15c each; $1.25 per 10; $8.00 per 100; $50.00 per 1,000.

Mulberries

In the South it is often claimed that each Mulberry bush is worth as much as ten bushels of corn every year. Hogs and poultry eat the berries.

Downing's Everbearing. The beauty of this as a lawn or street tree is quite enough to commend it; but in addition it yields an abundant supply of its large, valuable berries for about three months.

Price, 4 to 5 foot trees, $1.00 each.

Russian. A hardy, rapid-growing tree, introduced from Russia by the Mennonites; foliage abundant; valuable for windbreak. Fruit of little value.

Price, 4 to 6 foot trees, 75c each; $6.00 per 10; $40.00 per 100.

Nut Trees

Black Walnut

Price, 3 to 4 feet high, 75c each; $7.00 per 10. 5 to 7 feet high, $1.00 each; $9.00 per 10.

A sprig of large Downing Gooseberries

The best spring vegetable. Every garden should have an Asparagus bed.
Flowering Shrubs

But Has Many Contemporaries in Our List.

Note the specially low prices on Spirea this season. Now is your opportunity to plant. See page 26.

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs

Our shrubs are all 2 and 3 year specimens that will give immediate effect. Price (except where noted) 50c each.

Almond

Pink Double Flowered. A vigorous, beautiful tree, covered in May with rose-colored blossoms like small roses; hardy. Price, $1.25 each.

Athea—Rose of Sharon

Fine free-flowering shrubs of compact, upright habit. Very desirable on account of blooming during August and September, when so few other shrubs are in blossom. Make beautiful screens or hedges, or can be planted as specimens.

Tree Form. The Althea, as a shrub, is fine and attractive, but grown in tree form becomes doubly beautiful and interesting. It is hardy and of easy cultivation. Price, $1.00 each.

Barberry

Japanese Barberry (Berberis Thunbergii). This is a low shrub, with brown, horizontal branches growing so thick and matted that, even though the leaves fall in winter, the hedge still is dense. Add to that the appearance of the bright scarlet berries growing almost as thick as leaves and fresh till
Flowering Shrubs, Cont’d.

spring and you have an idea of its winter garb. In the summer there are hosts of little pale yellow flowers among small, round foliage. It grows 3 feet high only.

Extra strong, bushy plants, 3-year-old, 60c each; for smaller sizes for hedge purposes see page 34.

Butterfly Bush—Buddleia

Butterfly Bush or Summer Lilac (B. Veitchiana Magnifica). A very attractive new addition to the flowering plants. While a perennial in habit, yet because of its vigor and size, it is used largely in shrub plantings. The tops in severe winter will freeze back, but it pushes with such renewed vigor this is not harmful. The flowers are borne on the tips of every bit of new growth, and in August the plants are masses of purple and violet flowers, very conspicuous, that attract butterflies.

Price, 60c each.

Elder, Golden

One of the best yellow foliage plants. Retains its color the entire season and is very conspicuous in every planting. Quick to establish itself, robust grower and attractive.

Price, 65c each.

Forsythia (Golden Bell)

This is the first shrub to blossom in the spring, the golden yellow flowers appearing in great profusion before leaves have formed.

Bush Honeysuckle

A very vigorous-growing shrub, often 8 to 10 feet tall. There are billows and clouds of
Flowering Shrubs—Cont’d

fragrant white and pink flowers late in the spring. As soon as they fall, just as many red and orange berries come, and these fairly make the landscape glow with life. Come in three colors.

Hydrangeas

Arborescens (Hills of Snow). A grand addition to the summer-flowering hardy shrubs, dwarfing the show of other sorts in July and August by the magnitude and profusion of its flower heads. Price, 75c each.

Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora. One of the most valuable hardy shrubs. It attains a height of 5 to 6 feet and is perfectly hardy everywhere. The flowers are white, borne in immense pyramidal panicles nearly a foot in length. It commences flowering in August and continues until October. The plant should be cut back every spring at least half a season’s growth, as the flowers are borne on new wood and are much finer when the plant is treated in this way. One of the finest shrubs, and valuable on account of its late-flowering properties.

Price, tree form, $1.50 each; bush form, 75c each.

Lilacs

Lilacs are such old and intimate friends that it seems they would not need to be described. Yet the intrinsic worth of these flowers with their white, pink, blue, purple and lilac tints in May and a perfume that permeates the very air for quite a distance beyond the tips of the heart-shaped leaves, is something the enjoyment of which will not cloy, even while other flowers come and go on waves of popular favor. It is a very upright shrub, easily grown and at home in any soil.

Lilac (Persian). Small foliage and bright purple flowers.

Price, 85c each.

Lilac (Purple). The well-known old-fashioned variety with purple fragrant flowers in May.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, 60c; 3 to 4 feet, 75c.

Chas. X. Red.

Price, $1.00 each.

Souvenir de Ludwig Spaeth. Dark purplish red flowers, large, and in long panicles. A distinct, superb sort that will give great satisfaction.

Price, $1.00 each.

Mock Orange

This is the well known, sweet scented Mock Orange or Syringa. For a tall screen, planted Mock Orange. It grows 10 feet high, thick and dense and does not shoot up into the air. The flowers come in May and June and are rich, a creamy white, and deliciously perfumed. There are plenty of them, too. Mock Orange adds beauty and grace to its surroundings.

Price, 50c each.

Golden Syringa (Mock Orange). A very useful dwarf shrub with golden leaves.

Price, 85c each.

Snowball

Common Snowball. The old-fashioned snow-ball and always popular. Its large, globular clusters of pure white flowers in May and June have made it a conspicuous shrub in the garden for many generations.

Price, 75c each.
Japanese Snowball. Handsome olive foliage and the flowers are larger and of a purer white than the common snowball. They are also borne in denser heads and show beautiful against the foliage.

**Price, $1.25 each.**

### Spirea

**Spirea Van Houttei.** A variety of Bridal Wreath. Probably the most beautiful of Spireas. In May and June the arching branches are actually covered with little white flowers. The foliage is beautiful. Spirea has been much used for making wreaths and garlands. The shrub grows to 6 feet, is hardy and is much planted for borders and single specimens. Perfectly hardy, vigorous grower and fine for fancy hedge and as a screen.

#### PRICES OF SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Good plants, 1½ to 2 ft.</td>
<td>$0.34</td>
<td>$2.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large specimen &amp; bushy, 3 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>$0.69</td>
<td>$6.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regular, 2 to 3 ft.</td>
<td>$0.49</td>
<td>$4.35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Anthony Waterer.** May to September; heads of crimson flowers. Dwarf.

**Price, 65c each.**

**Opulifolia Aurea (Golden-leaved).** Yellow tinted foliage and white flowers.

**Price, 60c each.**

**Frobelia.** Dwarf, and similar to A. Waterer, but a trifle taller with broader leaves. Bright crimson flowers in dense corymbs during July and August.

**Price, 65c each.**

**S. Thunbergii (Snow Garland).** An extra early flowering type of graceful form. Leaves light green, drooping; flowers white, rather dwarf, but desirable. Fine for bordering.

**Price, 65c each.**

### Snowberries

Native shrubs of low, upright habit, good for planting in shady nooks or massing underneath some taller growing sorts. They are particularly ornamental in late summer, when their crowded clusters of handsome berries are at their best.

**White.** Highly valued for use in densely shaded locations; inconspicuous rose-colored flowers in June and July, followed by large clusters of milk-white fruits that remain far into autumn.

**Red.** The flowers are borne in dense terminal spikes. They are followed in late summer by dark purplish red berries, smaller than the fruit of White Snowberry and hanging in close clusters. Well adapted for shady places.

### Tamarix

Shrubs of strong but slender, delicate growth similar to the asparagus. The pink flowers, filmy foliage and gracefulness make them one of the most desirable shrubs for background or inter-planting. Will grow in poor, dry soil where other shrubs fail.

**African.* Deep pink. April and May.** This is the most vigorous of any. Sea green foliage and pink flowers; blooms early.

**Price, 75c each.**

### Viburnum

Lantana. White flowers; clusters of bright red fruit, changing to black.

**Price, 65c each.**

**Opulus (High Bush Cranberry).** This handsome shrub has bright red fruits; are in some sections used as substitute for the cranberry. Large, healthy leaves; free from insect attacks.

**Price, 75c each.**

### Weigela

The white, pink, and rose-colored even crimson sometimes—flowers, and variegated foliage lend a lively and effective tone to solid greenery. The blooms come in June and July, after lilacs and others have gone. The shrub has spreading, arching branches and prefers partly shaded places. Fine among spruces, pines, and rhododendron. Height, 5 feet. Very hardy. Three colors.

**Prices—Pink, 60c; White, 75c; Red, 85c.**

### Shrub for Special Purposes

**For Shady Places.** Barberry, Hydrangea Arborescens, Privet, Forsythia, Honeysuckle, Snowberries and Viburnums.

**Dwarf Growing for Edging Beds.** Barberry, Deutzia Gracilis, Spirea Frobelia. Spirea Ant. Waterer, Spirea Thunbergii and Privet.

**Medium Growing for Backgrounds.** Spireas, tall varieties, Deutzias, tall varieties, Forsythia, Hydrangea, Weigelas, Snowberries and Rugosa Roses.

**Tall Growing for Heavy Plantings or Corners.** Tamarix, Amoor River Privet, Altheas, Mock Orange, Bush Honeysuckle and Lilacs.

**Shrubs Whose Flowers are Succeeded by Ornamental Fruit.** Barberry, Elder, High Bush Cranberry, Rosa Rugosa and Snowberries.

**Shrubs with Variegated or Colored Foliage.** Elder Golden, Syringa Golden, Weigela Variegated and Spirea Frobelia.
Vines

Add Attractiveness to Porch and House.

An Excellent Selection is Offered Here.

Matrimony Vine. This is really a plant which will serve both as a shrub and as a vine, according as it is trained, and it will be very handsome in either form, too. For single specimens it is high growing, neat and slim. As a vine, it will creep over walls or embankments, over fences or trellises; branches are long, slender and thorny, with gray-green leaves, purple-tinted flowers and thousands of scarlet or dull red berries.

Price, 50c each.

Trumpet Vine (Bignonia). A robust, woody vine, twining tightly with numerous tendrils along its stems. Leaves are dark green. Very desirable for covering summer houses, arbors, trees or rustic bridges.

Price, 50c each.

Wisteria Purple. A rapid-growing vine of much merit for many purposes. It is hardy, grows fast and tall, with handsome peacock green leaves and purple flowers in 6 to 12-inch down-hanging clusters. It is very fine indeed.

Price, 75c each.

Clematis

Henryi. A creamy white sort; robust, free flowering and otherwise the same as the better known blue-flowered kind.

Price, 2-year, $1.00 each.

Jackmannii. The well known, large flowering blue Clematis. The flowers, when fully expanded, measure 4 to 6 inches in diameter, are intense violet purple, with a rich velvety appearance, distinctly veined. It blooms continually from July until cut off by frost. The plant is hardy, of fairly quick growth and an abundant and successful bloomer.

Price, 2-year, strong field-grown plants, $1.00 each.

Mme. Edouard Andre. This one is violet red, dark, handsome and rich. The vine will give such a lavish and luxurious tone to its corner that each flower reminds one of a bit of polished colored marble.

Price, 2-year, $1.00 each.

Paniculata. The small flowering sweet-scented Japan Clematis. One of the most vigorous, beautiful and desirable of climbers. It is a very rapid grower and desirable wherever a strong growing vine is needed on walls, verandas, fences, etc. In late summer it produces dense sheets of medium size, pure white flowers, of the most pleasing fragrance. Will grow in almost any soil and is entirely free from blight and insects.

Price, 2-year, strong field-grown plants, 60c each; $5.00 per 10; $40.00 per 100.

Ampelopsis quinquefolia. (American Ivy or Virginia Creeper). A very rapid growing vine colored with heavy digitate leaves affording shade and of great beauty when changing to scarlet in autumn. The best climber to grow over porches, rocks or tree stumps. One of the most hardy.

Price, 50c each.

Ampelopsis Veitchii. (Japanese, or Boston Ivy) A graceful vine that will transform an ugly building or fence or bank into a place of beauty. It will grow well in almost any soil, from northern Canadian point south to Texas, and it climbs very fast. There are three leaves in a cluster, and while the blossoms are inconspicuous, it bears many bunches of blue berries which add to the general attractiveness. Before the leaves fall in autumn they color brilliantly and certainly look fine. The vine climbs by disk tendrils and is the thing for a porch.

Price, 75c each; $7.00 per 10.

Dutchman's Pipe (Aristolochia Sipho). A rapid growing vine, with magnificent foliage 10 to 12 inches in diameter. Pipe-shaped, yellowish brown flowers.

Price, $1.50 each.

Hall's Japan Honey-suckle (Lonicera Haleana). In the class with the most beautiful porch ornaments which thrive in this section. It is nearly an evergreen—dropping its leaves only when the new leaves are coming in the spring. Grows to a good height, and bears white and yellow tubular flowers which are very fragrant and come in the greatest abundance. One of its characteristics is to continue blooming generously all summer, and then at the end of the season finish with a burst of bloom, which fills the air in all the neighborhood with delicious honey-suckle fragrance.

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Add Attractiveness to Porch and House.

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Price, 50c each.
Peonies succeed admirably in any loamy soil and may be made to thrive in the shady parts of the lawn where other flowering plants refuse to bloom. For bordering walks and driveways and for the flower garden, an assortment of Peonies is quite indispensable. Our list includes some of the choicest varieties that have been tested on our grounds. By making proper selection, the blooming period may be extended in many locations from the middle of May to the end of June. They offer a range of color from pure white to deep purple, and many of them are fragrant.

**Price of Peonies ordered by colors—Red, pink, white, 45c each; $4.00 per 10.** Prices ordered by named varieties, $1.00 each.

**Ceres.** Center minutely flecked scarlet, red stigmas. Free bloomer.

**Prince de Salm Dyck.** Violet-rose with cream-white center petals throughout. Midseason.

**Love.** White, free bloomer; midseason. A very excellent white peony.

**Edulis Superba.** Early Pink. Strong, upright, free bloomer. One of the best for Decoration Day.

**Festiva Maxima.** Pure white center, prominently decked crimson. Early. One of the very best.

**Fulgida.** Tall, very erect. Late midseason. A very good red peony.

**Duchesse de Nemours.** Early, free bloomer, fragrant and pure white. About two days later than Festiva Matima.

**Helen Leslie.** A very excellent midseason white peony.


**Rubra Triumphans.** Large, dark crimson. Medium tall and strong. Early midseason.

**Delacheli.** Large, violet crimson. Very free bloomer. Late midseason. Extra good for garden plantings.

### Dahlia

The Dahlia is now taking its place in the front ranks of summer-flowering plants. This is largely due to the splendid new sorts that are being brought out in the Cactus and Decorative class, and we might also say the Single and Collarette. There is nothing else than can equal them in range of color and abundance of bloom. The Decorative and Single varieties are especially fine for cut-flowers. Our roots are all field-grown and produce strong, flowering plants the first season.

**Price, 22c each; $2.00 per 10.**

### Liberty Iris

This is one of our finest hardy perennial plants, known before the war as German Iris or Fleur-de-Lis. From a large collection we selected the following varieties covering a beautiful and wide range of colors:

**Prices of all kinds of Liberty Iris, 20c each; $1.50 per 10.**

- **Celeste.** Pale blue.
- **Purple Prince.** Purple.
- **Azure.** Sky blue.
- **Maroon.** Red and gold.
- **Bird of Paradise.** Creamy white, yellow center.
- **Honarabilis.** Brown and yellow.
- **Liberty Iris.** Brown and old gold.

### Gladiolus Bulbs

**FOR SPRING PLANTING**

This is a class of summer-flowering bulbs which is valuable for its magnificent show of bloom in the gardens, and for its generous supply of cut flowers. They will thrive in any good garden soil.

**SPECIAL MIXTURE OF LARGE-FLOWERED GLADIOLA**

It is not necessary to pay fancy prices for special varieties which, because of being highly rated, demand extravagant prices. We offer this season, this fine mixture, made up of many of the best varieties of gladioli and sold at a price which is within the reach of all lovers of flowers.

**Price by mail. 25 for $1.00; 50 for $1.85; 100 for $3.50.** Postage paid by Celery City Nurseries.

### Hardy Phlox

Can be supplied in five colors—red, pink, white, purple and salmon.

**Price of all colors, 35c each; $3.00 per 10.**
Hardy Perennials—Ideal Garden Flowers

Hardy perennials are ideal flowers for the home garden. They are very satisfactory for borders, and very effective when planted along the front of shrubberies and along driveways and walks. They do not need to be taken up for the winter.

Prices of all varieties, 25c each, except as noted.

Price, 35c each.

Anemone (Whirlwind). Showy autumn-blooming plant, very hardy, blooms freely from August till cut down by frost. Semi-double, white.
Price, 35c each.

Anemone (Queen Charlotte). Very large, semi-double flowers of a soft silvery pink.
Price, 35c each.

Aquilegia (Columbine). Plants of elegant habit, free flowering, both single and double varieties in many colors, blooming in spring and early summer.

Campanula (Bluebells). The beauty of the Bluebell is well known and the plants are most hardy, very easily grown.

Coreopsis Grandiflora. Splendid, hardy plant, rich golden-yellow flowers from early summer until fall.

Chrysanthemum. Beautiful plants that produce a profusion of bloom in a wide range of form and color at a time when other plants have been nipped by frost. Price, 30c each.

Daisy (Shasta). Large, snowy-white flowers in bloom all summer.


Dianthus. (Sweet William). Old time favorites, bearing during May and June a profusion of round-topped clusters of flowers of all shades of red and pink to white.

Digitalis, Foxglove, Fairy or Witch’s Fingers (D. pur-purea). July. This variety is not grown in separate colors, but generally produces flowers which range in color from white, creamy white, rose, and pink to purplish-red.

Dicentra (Bleeding-Heart). Heart-shaped, rose-colored flowers in drooping spikes, in early summer. Price, 75c each.

Gauliardia (Blanket Flower). Large showy flowers, yellow and orange-red, from early summer to November.

Hibiscus (Mallow). A very showy plant in any position but succeeds especially well in damp places. Very large, single, hollyhock-like flowers produced during the entire summer. About 5 feet. Red, white, and pink.
Price, 35c each.


Lobelia (Cardinal Flowers). Intense scarlet blooms opening along tall spikes in July and August.

Lychnis (Maltese Cross). Old-fashioned flowers of easy culture.


Papaver (Oriental Poppy). Showiest of all poppies, large, scarlet and red flowers on long stems. Price, 30c each.


Stokesia (Cornflower Aster). Handsome plant with large flowers of fine sky-blue color. July to early fall.


Cannas

Give us the colors you want and whether tall or dwarf variety, and we will make good selections. Round beds are the most effective. A bed 7 feet in diameter requires 19 plants; and a bed 10 feet in diameter requires 37 plants as follows:

Place 1 plant in center of bed, with the front row of 6 plants 18 inches from center plant, and the second row of 12 plants 18 inches farther out, making the 7-foot bed. A 10-foot bed would require a third row of 18 plants, or 37 in all.
Price, 25c each; $2.00 per 10.
Roses—Most Beautiful of All Flowers

The love of Roses is universal and it is impossible to exaggerate their beauty. The very name suggests beauty and fragrance and it is now possible to have Roses all summer, even with but a small garden. The Roses we offer are Extra Heavy Plants for Immediate Effect, strong 2-year field grown plants that will grow for you and produce an abundance of bloom the first summer.

Cultural Directions

Soil and Location. Roses require sunshine. They do well in any good garden soil. Avoid sand, too much clay, or ground which is stagnant. Be sure the bed is well drained. Enrich with decomposed stable manure; cow manure is preferable. Work this well into the soil. Do not put any clear manure in the holes with the plants.

Planting. Dig a good, large, deep hole. Spread the roots out as much as possible, and when the hole is nearly filled tread the soil firmly with the foot. When planting is finished a good soaking with water will prove beneficial, should the ground be dry. Then mulch well with coarse manure and Nature will do the rest. Water freely only in dry weather and then in early morning or late afternoon.

All Roses should be cut back from 1-3 to 1-2 when planted, and the ground should be stirred frequently. roses need good cultivation.

Winter Protection. All Roses give better results if protected in winter. The best method is to bank the plants with earth as high as possible and cover with stable manure. Remove coarse litter in the early spring and pull earth away from plants before pruning, cutting out old wood and leaving 3 to 6 of the strongest shoots of last year’s growth, cutting these back to within 8 to 12 inches of the ground.

Everblooming Roses—Hybrid Teas

Price, 85c each, except as noted.
Betty. A coppery colored Rose, overspread with yellow. Price, $1.00 each.
Columbia. A beautiful, true pink; deepening as it matures to a warm, glowing tone, which is enduring. Its usual double petalage and substance make it a good summer Rose, while the great size, color and long (almost thornless) stems mark it as a superior cut-ting variety.
Edward Mawley. The finest of all dark crimson Roses.
Gruss an Teplitz. Brilliant Scarlet, shading to velvety crimson.
General McArthur. Strong, vigorous, branch-
ing freely, producing its wonderful blooms profusely from May until October, of full scarlet color. Every shoot carrier a large, double, well-formed flower of exquisite frag-
rance and lasting quality.
George Dickson. Velvety scarlet crimson, deeply veined maroon, reflex of petals bright scarlet.
Golden Emblem. This is the finest yellow Rose that has ever come under our observa-
tion. It is a thoroughly distinct variety with wavy holly leaves, and is beautiful in bud and in blossom. Price, $1.50 each.
J. J. L. Mock. This rose has produced a sensa-
tion wherever grown. Of distinctive merit, being an extremely strong grower. Pink, very fragrant.

Everblooming Roses may be cut freely from June to November.
Everblooming Roses—Cont’d

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. A beautiful rose, with elegant, large pointed buds and very large, full double flowers; color delicate, creamy white, deliciously fragrant. The plant is a strong, healthy grower and constant bloomer.


Lady Hillingdon. Beautiful apricot-yellow, shaded to orange. Price, $1.00 each.

La Detroit. Shell pink tinted soft rose. Color very pleasing and does not fade. Beautiful both in bud and when open. Free bloomer.

Los Angeles. A magnificent rose of enormous size. Color a luminous flame pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals. Fragrant as American Beauty. Buds long and pointed, expanding into flowers of mammoth proportions. Vigorous grower. By all admitted to be one of the finest roses ever introduced. Beauty of form and ever-increasing wealth of color are maintained until the last petals fall. Price, $1.00 each.

Madame Caroline Testout. Bright pink, deepening to clear red. Flowers of the largest size and beautifully formed. Free blooming, vigorous and healthy. Price, $1.00 each.

Meteor. Rich velvety crimson, shading very dark in the depths of the petals. As a garden rose it has few equals on account of its sturdy growth and handsome foliage.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Yellow, tinted salmon rose. Color variable. In spring it is nearly white outside, with blush or light salmon center. In fall the color deepens to a good yellow. Very handsomely formed and carried on strong stems.

Price, $1.00 each.

Ophelia. Brilliant salmon flesh shaded with rose on outer edges of petals, with a heart of glowing peach pink and orange yellow blendings. Very fragrant and faultless in form and color.

Radiance. Glorious new rose, beautiful blendings of carmine rose with opal and coppery reflections.

Sunburst. Yellow shaded coppery orange. Outer petals lighter. It is large, magnificently formed and richly tea-scented. Color is often very light in spring, but glorious in the fall. Form is long cup-shaped when fully expanded. Price, $1.00 each.
Hybrid Perpetual Roses

These roses combine hardiness, vigor of growth and size of flower, with the greatest variety in colors and form. They are very popular and the most useful of all roses and particularly valuable for beds or borders in the northern and middle states. If you like roses, set out a row or two of these and you will be well repaid. Plants should be set 15 to 20 inches apart. We furnish only field grown, 2 and 3-year-old, well-rooted plants, which are the best for all purposes. We name below the hardiest and best varieties.

Price, 70c each, except as noted.

American Beauty. An old favorite Crimson Rose.

Anne de Diesbach. Beautiful shade of carmine; very large and fragrant; quite hardy and a good forcer.

Coquette des Alps. Large, full, finely formed flowers; pure white, but sometimes faintly tinted with pale blush. The bush is a very fragrant; petals large and of good substance; color rich, glowing cherry, elegantly mingled with scarlet. Vigorous, healthy and blooms freely. One of the best and finest hardy roses.

Earl of Dufferin. These flowers are velvety crimson, beautifully shaded with rich maroon large, full and fragrant. Bush is not an extreme grower, but does well with proper care.

Frau Karl Druschki (Snow Queen) White American Beauty. The finest snow white hybrid perpetual rose. Very fine, double, and durable flowers, and large, long-pointed buds of first-class form. The open flowers are very large, perfectly double and delightfully fragrant petals are shell-shaped. These qualities in the flower, and a big, vigorous compact, leathery foliage bush, blooming continuously and abundantly, at last give us a rose whose desirability and value we could not possibly over-state. In our opinion it is the grandest new rose that has been introduced in many a year. Certainly no other white rose can begin to compare with it.

General Jack Blooms early and profusely; grows vigorously, with a compact habit and has handsome pointed leaves. An old favorite.

Harrison’s Yellow. A rather rare rose; one of the finest. It is pure, deep yellow and has very rich coloring, found in few flowers. The bush is hardy and easily taken care of.

Price, 90c each.

Marshall P. Wilder. Extra large, full deep red; a free bloomer and very handsome.

Mrs. John Laing. This rose is a silky pink, which shows different in varying lights. Finely formed, large, double, very sweet flowers, on long stems. The quick growing bush blooms nearly equal to the monthly roses. One of the best Hybrid Perpetuals for all outside purposes, also desirable for forcing.

Paul Neyron. The largest rose in cultivation. Sometimes called the Paeony Rose. Color light, smoky rose; flowers are very double and full, delightfully fragrant. The plant makes a strong, healthy growth, and has clean, glossy foliage. Blooms very good from June until late October.

Prince Camille de Rohan. A deep blood red and maroon; the very darkest of all roses, appearing almost black at a little distance. As flowers mature they take on a smoky tinge—certainly a splendid coloring. Blooms double, fragrant and of medium size. Bush free grower with spreading habit; hardy and generous bearer.

Soleil d’Or (Sun of Gold). A strong, hardy rose; large, full and double; golden orange yellow tinged with red and rosy pink; a magnificent rose. Price, 90c each.

Ulrich Brunner. Seedling from Paul Neyron, Extra large, bold flowers; full and globular, fuse bloomer, very hardy and ornamental in every way.

Price, 85c each.
Climbing Roses

Baltimore Belle. Flowers pale blush, nearly white; double; in large clusters. Blooms very freely. Plant is a strong grower and hardy.

Price, 65c each.

Crimson Rambler. The most popular climbing rose ever introduced. It is so generally seen everywhere that the rich profusion of vivid crimson clusters of flowers is familiar to everyone. The heavy canes will climb 10 to 20 feet in a season, and the glowing petals of bloom remain on a long time without losing their brightness. Price, 65c each.

Dorothy Perkins. Clear, transparent flowers growing in large clusters of 30 to 40 each. They have daintily crinkled petals and the bush is one of the best climbers grown. Customers choice of three colors: Pink, red and white. Price, 65c each.

Prairie Queen. An old standard variety and very popular. Flowers bright red, globular, large, and compact. Very strong grower.

Price, 75c each.

Flower of Fairfield. Of the numerous varieties raised in the last few years, it is doubtless one of the best. Its flowers, which are produced in marvelous profusion, are of a fine crimson color and more brilliant than the common Crimson Rambler. The growth is vigorous, flowering freely and continuously throughout the season. Price, 85c each.

Tausendschoen (Thousand Beauties). New. Covered with bright blossoms of every imaginable shade from white to deep pink, borne in clusters; quite double. Price, 65c ea.

Climbing American Beauty. Rosy crimson, same exquisite fragrance as old American beauty. Flowers large, very free bloomer.

Price, 75c each.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. A superb variety. Flowers full and double, of delicate perfume, will run 4 inches and over in diameter when open; buds pointed; color a remarkable shade of flesh pink and outer surface, deepening to rosy flesh in center. Price, 75c each.

Paul's Scarlet. A new variety. A vivid scarlet rose. Price, $1.00 each.


Dwarf Baby Rambler Roses

Always in bloom, from early spring until frost comes. Baby Ramblers greet you cheerfully at your home every day. They grow 15 inches high and are fine indeed for dwarf hedges, for massing in beds or for single specimens in the open or in pots. They bear flowers abundantly, which always come in clusters of shining color.

Crimson Baby Rambler. Imagine a rose like the Crimson Rambler would be if only 20 inches high—blooming every day in the year under the right conditions, with immense clusters of clear, brilliant, ruby red flowers, even more striking than Azalea. Superb for single specimens, dwarf hedges and for bedding. Price, 80c each.

White Baby Rambler. Has all the characteristics of Crimson Roses but the flowers are pure white and just as fragrant as a General Jackqueminot. Price, 80c each.

Pink Baby Rambler. Large clusters of shining, brilliant pink flowers. Entirely hardy. Among the most useful and ornamental roses ever introduced.

Price, 80c each.

Rosa Rugosa—Japan Roses

While these roses will adorn any location we especially recommend them for shrubbery borders. They are of very vigorous, robust habit, being impervious to attacks of insects of all kinds. Their handsome foliage and flowers especially recommend them. The blossoms possess a delightful fragrance and are followed by large bright scarlet hips or berries, which prolong the attractiveness of the plant well into winter. Hardy everywhere. Should be universally planted.

Three colors: Deep rose, 60c; delicate silvery pink, 85c; white, 75c.
Hedge Plants

A small amount of money invested in beautiful hedges will add more value to a country or town home property, dollar for dollar, than any other similar investment without exception. A hedge planted about the borders of a lawn will transform a heretofore bare looking spot into a place of beauty; and you can keep it low or let it go high, as a screen. City lots may be divided by hedging with fine effect. In dozens of different ways, which suggest themselves to the property owner, hedging may be used with great profit. A hedge is easily set, a little care will keep it in perfect condition, and it is a wonder that more are not planted.

We offer herewith the plants best suited for the purpose, each having special merits of its own. Privet and Arbor-vitae are probably the best for most situations.

Arbor-Vitae

Arbor-vitae—12 to 18 inches, 90c each; $7.50 per 10; $60.00 per 100.

Barberry

Barberry Thunbergii—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Price 1</th>
<th>Price 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9 to 12 in., 1 year</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 to 18 in., 2 year</td>
<td>$2.60</td>
<td>$24.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 to 24 in., 3 year</td>
<td>$3.60</td>
<td>$36.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Privet

Amoor River North Privet. One of the best hedge plants because of its extreme hardiness. Similar to the well-known California Privet, but much hardier. A valuable shrub for hedges and borders in cold and exposed places. Of fine, upright growth with lustrous dark green foliage, nearly evergreen. Transplants easily, grows quickly, making a hedge the first year, and succeeds in nearly any soil. Set plants 8 inches apart in single rows and cut back 4 inches above the ground to make hedge bushy at bottom. 12 to 18 inches, $9.00 per 100; 18 to 24 inches, $12.00 per 100; 2 to 3 feet, $15.00 per 100.

California Privet. Most popular half-evergreen hedge. Remarkably beautiful, glossy, dark green foliage; strong, rapid grower. It transplants easily, grows quickly, making a hedge the first year, and succeeds in almost any soil. The plants should be set about 8 inches apart and cut to 3 or 4 inches above the ground after planting to make the hedge bushy at the bottom. 12 to 18 inches, $4.00 per 100; 18 to 24 inches, $6.00 per 100; 2 to 3 feet, $8.00 per 100.

Spruce

Spruce, Norway—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Price 1</th>
<th>Price 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12 to 18 inches</td>
<td>$0.90</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specimen

Evergreens

Evergreens are beautiful all the year and form grand specimens in time. We strongly recommend our customers to plant more largely of the hardy sorts. Our stock is all carefully selected. All specimen Evergreens balled and burlapped.

Arbor-Vitae

American Arbor-vitae. A splendid native that grows well anywhere and thrives over a wide range of climate. The habit is erect and pyramidal. The foliage soft and light green in color.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, $1.25 each; 10, $11.00; 100, $95.00; 3 to 4 feet, $2.25 each; 10, $20.00; 100, $150.00.

Globe Arbor-vitae. Of dense, dwarf habit, globular in outline; color a pretty light green.

Price, 18 inches, $3.00 each.

Pyramidal Arbor-vitae. A densely branched Arbor-vitae, of perfectly columnar form. One of the most remarkable Evergreens in respect to its symmetry. Like the Irish Juniper, it holds its perfect fastigate shape throughout life without trimming or pruning. It is perfectly hardy and will succeed anywhere that the American Arbor-vitae grows.

Price, 2 feet, $2.00 each; 3 feet, $3.00.

Juniper

Irish Juniper. A distinct and beautiful variety of erect, dense conical outline.

Price, 2 feet, $2.50.

Pine

An indispensable group of trees to the landscape beautifier, in their varied forms and adaptability. They are hardy, endowed with a peculiar rugged type of beauty and carry with them a delightful pungent aroma.

Mugho Pine. Very distinct, leaves short, stiff, a little twisted and thickly distributed over the branches; does not grow tall, but spreads over the ground, generally assuming a globular form; very dense.

Price, 18-inch spread, $4.00.

Austrian or Black Pine. A native of Syria; tree robust, hardy, and spreading; leaves long, stiff and dark green; rapid growth; very valuable for this country. Height 40 to 50 feet.

Price, 2 to 3 ft., $3.00; 3 to 4 ft., $5.00.

Scotch Pine. A native of Europe; a fine robust, rapid-growing tree; stout, erect shoots; silvery green foliage; hardy. Height, 40 to 50 ft.

Price, 2 to 3 ft., $3.00; 3 to 4 ft., $5.00.
Spruce

Norway Spruce. The most generally used of the evergreen trees. Useful for screens and wind-breaks on account of its rapid growth. It makes a tall tree, and as an individual tree, with room to develop, is of pyramidal, symmetrical growth, its lower branches sweeping the ground.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, $2.00; 3 to 4 feet, $3.00.

Koster's Blue Spruce. A type of the Colorado Blue Spruce; it is the highest colored and most striking of all the Evergreens for lawn planting; the foliage is a rich and healthful silvery blue; very hardy.

Price, 2 to 2½ ft., $15.00; 3 ft., $20.00.

White Spruce. A native tree of medium size and pyramidal form; bark light colored and foliage silvery gray; very hardy variety.

Price, 2 feet, $2.00.

Colorado Spruce. Perhaps the most attractive conifer in our entire list of available species. It is entirely hardy, of comparatively rapid growth; has an elegant glaucous green tint, and a perfect outline.

Price, 2 to 3 feet, $7.00.

Large specimen Evergreens priced on application. We have a complete stock of large sizes for landscape planting.

Ornamental Trees
—Good Even as an Investment

Besides the value of the ornamental trees as a protection from the sun, etc., they add many times their cost to the resale value of the property. Plan to plant another tree this year.

Mountain Ash

Rapid-growing tree, of fine, symmetrical outline. Upright or spreading branches, forming a pyramidal or round-topped crown. Leaves compound, with five ovate leaflets, dark green and lustrous above, whitened beneath, fading in autumn with tones of purple and yellow. A beautiful and desirable tree for street or park, and should be extensively planted. They thrive in almost any moist, fertile soil.

Price, 5 to 8 feet, $1.50 each.

Catalpa

Hardy or Western Catalpa (C. speciosa.) A valuable, upright, rapid-growing tree, that is being extensively planted in the West for railroad ties, telegraph poles, etc. The flowers (which appear in June) are borne in large clusters, are creamy white, slightly mottled inside, and are followed by long, bean-like pods that remain on the tree during the winter. Leaves are very large yellowish green.

Price, 8 feet, 85c each; 10 feet, $1.25 each.

Bungei Catalpa (C. Bungei). A species from China; of dwarf habit, growing only 3 to 4 feet high when grafted on stems 7 to 8 ft. high, it forms a very effective umbrella-shaped tree.

Price, 5 to 6 feet, $2.50 each; $4.50 pair.

Crab

Bechtel's Double-flowering Crab. About the middle of May the trees are covered with beautiful, double, pink, sweet-scented flowers, that at a distance look like small roses. Tree is a moderate grower, hardy and of upright habit. One of the very best.

Price, $1.50 each.

Elm

American Elm. Large, lofty, limbs growing in wide, sweeping arches. Fine for long drives or lanes.

Price, 6 to 8 feet, $1.00 each; $9.00 per 10; $70.00 per 100; 8 to 10 feet, $1.25 each; $10.00 per 10; $85.00 per 100.

Horse Chestnut

Horse Chestnut. A fine tree, which grows slowly, but finally reaches 60 feet, and is handsome and desirable all the time. The glorious white flowers come in May.

Price, 5 to 6 feet, $1.50 each.
Maple

Ash-leaved Maple. Grows 25 feet high, with light green foliage and smooth, greenish gray bark. It is very hardy.
Price, 6 to 8 feet, $1.00 each; 8.00 per 10; 8 to 10 feet, $1.25 each; $10.00 per 10; 10 to 12 feet, $1.50 each; $15.00 per 10.

Red-leaved Maple. (Schwedler’s Maple). One of the most beautiful trees we know. Foliage in Spring is brilliant purple, later changing to a rich, dark green. Leaves on the new growth during the summer are bright purple, making the tree always beautiful. Similar in habit of growth to the Norway.
Price, 8 to 10 feet, $5.00 each.

Norway Maple. Without a doubt the finest large, deciduous shade tree. It grows 40 feet tall, with large, round, handsome head, and dense, dark green foliage which remains on tree till late in fall. Reliable everywhere.
Price, 8 feet, $2.50 each; 10 ft., $3.00 each.

Silver-leaved Maple. Where the quickest effect is wanted this tree is the best one. It is handsome with leaves silvery beneath and light green above. It grows extremely fast and reaches 60 feet.
Price, 6 to 8 feet, $1.00 each; $7.50 per 10; $60.00 per 100. 8 to 10 feet, $1.25 each; $10.00 per 10; $80.00 per 100. 10 to 12 feet, $1.50 each; $12.50 per 10.

Poplar

Carolina Poplar. Grows 50 feet high, very quickly. The tree is very sturdy, and especially while young is handsome and useful. It is planted where quick effects are wanted.
Price, 5 to 6 feet, 40c each; $3.50 per 10; 6 to 8 feet, 50c each; $4.50 per 10; 8 to 10 feet, 60c each; $5.00 per 10.

Lombardy Poplar. Well known for its erect, rapid growth and commanding form. Leaves glossy green above, silvery beneath. Always makes a striking feature in any landscape. Price, 5 to 6 feet, 75c each.

Weeping Trees

Weeping Maple. Has all the characteristics of other Maples and in addition droops somewhat like the better known weeping willow.
Price, 6 to 8 feet, $2.00 each.

Weeping Mulberry. This is the best dwarf weeping tree. The branches droop gracefully, clear to the ground. Handsome and odd. Price, $3.00 each.

Weeping Elm. Price $3.00 each.

Weeping Willow. Well known and graceful. Grows to 40 feet. Price $1.00 each.

Forest Tree Seedlings

As natural timber gets scarce, many individuals who own waste land, as well as many large Railroad Companies and other large firms, are planting millions of trees for ties and posts, etc. It is surprising how large an income can be had from a few acres of the right kind of timber, when it is properly handled. And the only expense is that for cutting and hauling it. Every farm should plant enough to supply posts and other such timber.

Price, 12 to 18 inches, $2.50 per 100; $15.00 per 1,000; 18 to 24 inches, $3.50 per 100; $20.00 per 1,000.

Black Locust. A rapid grower and very lasting for posts. The tree is handsome and especially attractive in June when in bloom.
Price, 12 to 18 inches, $3.00 per 100; $15.00 per 1,000; 18 to 24 inches, $4.00 per 100; $22.00 per 1,000.
When and How to Spray—

As soon as planting is over, commence to protect your future beauty and money-makers against fungus, insects and animals. Here are a few general hints:

**SPRAYING FORMULAS**

**BORDEAUX MIXTURE**
- Copper Sulphate ............... 6 pounds
- Quicklime ..................... 4 pounds
- Water .......................... 40 gallons

Dissolve the copper sulphate by putting it in a bag of coarse cloth and hanging this in a vessel holding at least 4 gallons, so that it is just covered by the water. Use an earthen or wooden vessel. Shake the lime in an equal amount of water. Then mix the two and add enough water to make 40 gallons. It is then ready for immediate use. For rots, moulds, mildews and all fungous diseases.

**COFFEE SULPHATE SOLUTION**
- Copper Sulphate .............. 1 pound
- Water .......................... 15 gallons

Dissolve the copper sulphate in the water, when it is ready for use. This should never be applied to foliage, but must be used before the buds break. For peaches and nectarines use 25 gallons of water. For fungus diseases.

**PARIS GREEN**
- Paris Green .......................... 1 pound
- Water .............................. 250 gallons

If this mixture is to be used on peach trees, 1 pound quicklime should be added. Repeated applications will injure most foliage, unless lime is added. Paris Green and Bordeaux can be applied with perfect safety. The action of neither is weakened, and the Paris Green loses all caustic properties. For insects which chew.

**LONDON PURPLE**

This is used in the same proportion as Paris Green, but as it is more caustic it should be applied with the lime, or with the Bordeaux Mixture. Do not use it on peach or plum trees. For insects which chew.

**HELLEBORE**
- Fresh White Hellebore .......... 1 ounce
- Water ............................ 3 gallons

Apply when thoroughly mixed. For insects which chew.

**KEROSENE EMULSION**

**Hard Soap** .................... 1/2 pound
- Boiling Water ..................... 1 gallon
- Kerosene .......................... 2 gallons

Dissolve the soap in the water, add the kerosene, and churn with a pump for 5 to 10 minutes. Dilute 10 to 15 times before applying. For insects which suck, cabbage worms and all insects which have soft bodies.

**KEROSENE EMULSION**

**Hard Soap** .................... 1 ounce
- Boiling Water ..................... 1 pint

Dissolve the soap in water, then add one quart kerosene. Churn for five or ten minutes. Dilute ten to one before applying. For Green Lice or Aphids on Roses, Fruit Trees, and so forth.

**SPRAYING CALENDAR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLANT</th>
<th>First Application</th>
<th>Second Application</th>
<th>Third Application</th>
<th>Fourth Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apple</td>
<td>When buds are swelling, copper sulphate solution.</td>
<td>Just before blossoms open, Bordeaux.</td>
<td>When blossoms have fallen, Bordeaux and Arsenites.</td>
<td>8 to 12 days later, Bordeaux and Arsenites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherry</td>
<td>As buds are breaking, Bordeaux; when aphids appear, kerosene emulsion.</td>
<td>When fruit has set, Bordeaux. If slugs appear, dust leaves with air-slaked lime. Hellebore.</td>
<td>If worms persist, Hellebore.</td>
<td>10 to 14 days later, Bordeaux.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currants</td>
<td>At first sign of worms, Arsenites</td>
<td>10 days later, Hellebore.</td>
<td>When flowers are open, Bordeaux.</td>
<td>10 to 14 days later, Bordeaux.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gooseberry</td>
<td>In Spring when buds swell, copper sulphate solution.</td>
<td>Before flowers open, Bordeaux.</td>
<td>When fruit is nearly grown, Bordeaux.</td>
<td>8 to 12 days later, repeat third.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grape</td>
<td>Before buds swell, copper sulphate solution.</td>
<td>Just before blossoms open, Bordeaux.</td>
<td>After blossoms have fallen, Bordeaux and Arsenites.</td>
<td>10 to 23 days later, Bordeaux.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peach</td>
<td>As buds are swelling, copper sulphate solution.</td>
<td>When blossoms have fallen, Bordeaux. Begin to jar trees for curculio.</td>
<td>If necessary.</td>
<td>10 to 20 days later, Bordeaux.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pear</td>
<td>As buds are swelling, copper sulphate solution.</td>
<td>When fruit has set, Bordeaux.</td>
<td>(Orange or red rust is treated best by destroying the plants.)</td>
<td>10 to 20 days later, Bordeaux.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plum</td>
<td>When buds are swelling, copper sulphate solution.</td>
<td>During summer, if rust appears on leaves, Bordeaux.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quince</td>
<td>When blossom buds appear, Bordeaux.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blackberry</td>
<td>Before buds break, copper sulphate solution.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dewberry</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raspberry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Roses</td>
<td>Kerosene emulsion.</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For aphides or plant lice use kerosene emulsion on all plants.
Black knot on plums or cherries should be cut out and burned as soon as discovered.

STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

This is to certify that I have examined the nursery stock of Celery City Nurseries, Kalamazoo, Mich., and find it apparently free from dangerous insects and dangerously contagious tree and plant diseases.—Bureau of Foods and Standards. L. R. Taft, Chief Horticulturist, Lansing, Mich., Sept. 16, 1924.
The world is your cow, but you must do the milking.

—William L. Brownell

Until you actually plant your trees, vines and bushes; and unless you plan now for the "season of profits" in fruits, it will never come to you.

Our prices, this year, are the lowest of many seasons.

A handy order blank is enclosed with this catalog.

Don't wait!

Make today the "eventual" time!